

(No. 56.)

1922
TASMANIA

THE PARLIAMENT OF TASMANIA

REPORT ON GENERAL ELECTION

10th JUNE, 1922

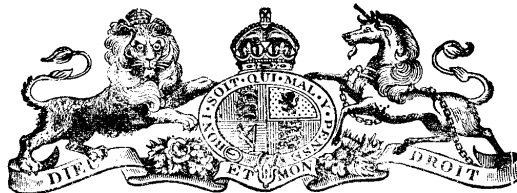
WITH STATISTICS OF OTHER ELECTIONS HELD IN
TASMANIA FROM 1903 TO 1922

BY

D'ARCY W. ADDISON, Chief Electoral Officer for the State of Tasmania

Presented to both Houses of Parliament by His Excellency's Command

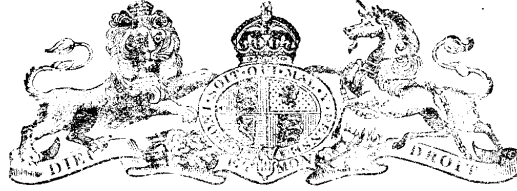
[Estimated cost of printing (280)—£56 8s.]



Tasmania:

JOHN VAIL, GOVERNMENT PRINTER, HOBART

1923



REPORT ON THE GENERAL ELECTION HELD 10TH JUNE, 1922.

Office of the Chief Electoral Officer for the State,
Hobart, 7th September, 1922.

SIR,

I have the honour to submit my report on the General Election held on 10th June last.

2. Parliament was dissolved by His Excellency the Administrator on the 27th April, and the following dates were fixed in connection with the election :—

Issue of writs	4th May, 1922.
Nominations closed.....	16th May, 1922.
Poll	10th June, 1922.
Writs returned	29th June, 1922.

3. The number of nominations received totalled seventy-seven, the candidates being distributed throughout the five divisions as follows :—

Bass	13
Darwin	12
Denison	20
Franklin	17
Wilmot	15

77

This number constitutes a record, the number of candidates offering in 1919 being 60. This increase is probably accounted for by the reduced amount of deposit required by the recent amendment of "The Electoral Act," viz. : from £25 to £15. In some quarters the wisdom of this reduction has been questioned, as out of the 77 candidates who submitted themselves for election 19 lost their deposits. It is obvious that the lower a deposit is reduced the more candidates will be attracted, with the result that the work of the election will be considerably increased without conferring a commensurate benefit to the country.

4. The election was conducted under the provisions of "The Electoral Act, 1907," and amendments thereto. No hitch of any importance occurred, which reveals the care and efficiency displayed by the returning officers and those associated with them in the conduct of the election, and I deem it fitting to commend them upon the satisfactory manner in which they discharged their duties, and the promptitude with which the final results were produced.

5. The electors had the opportunity of recording their votes at 422 polling-places throughout the State, in addition to the facilities provided by absent voting and by postal voting. As will be observed upon reference to Table 1, 69,752 electors exercised the franchise, and of their votes only 2.63 per cent. were found to be informal.

Examination of polling results at this and recent elections disclosed the fact that the retention of a number of polling-places is no longer necessary, owing to the small number of votes recorded. No less than 37 polling-places recorded 20 votes and under, and it is proposed to take the usual steps to abolish

them. The rights of the electors in these centres are fully safeguarded by the facilities afforded by the postal voting provisions of the Act. For the reasons indicated, and recognising the expenditure involved, it would appear that their retention is no longer warranted.

To deal with the work involved on the actual day of the election necessitated the employment of 877 officials.

6. The provisions of Section 116a of the Amending Act passed last session, under which an elector who claimed the right to vote, but whose name was not on the roll, was allowed to record his vote, subject to later investigation, proved to be of considerable advantage throughout the polling, and was fully availed of. (See Table 8.)

7. Objection has been raised to the publication of the detailed results of the polling at each booth, on the ground that where the No. 1 votes were all cast for one candidate—as they were, for example, in two polling-booths in Darwin—it proved a violation of the secrecy of the ballot. It is proposed in future, subject to your approval, to publish only the subdivisational results, thus falling into line with the practice followed by the Commonwealth Electoral Department.

8. In the amendments effected in "The Electoral Act" last session, provision was made (*vide* Section 108) for an elector who was absent on polling day from the subdivision for which he is enrolled, to record his vote at any other polling-place in the State, provided he made the prescribed declaration.

The following number of electors availed themselves of the privilege:—

Bass	702
Darwin	501
Denison	2225
Franklin.....	1075
Wilmot.....	714

Total

5217

9. Owing to the unfortunate death of Mr. W. W. F. Pearce, who at the election under review was returned as a member for the Division of Franklin, it became necessary to conduct a by-election under the provisions of Part 11a of the Act. These provisions enact that in the event of such a vacancy occurring, any candidate who unsuccessfully contested the preceding General Election, may nominate himself as a candidate for election to the said vacancy. Out of the eleven unelected candidates, nine consented to stand for election.

The officer conducting the scrutiny (Mr. E. Parkes) reported that the position at the close of the Franklin scrutiny carried out at the abovementioned election was, that Mr. Pearce was declared elected with 1797 votes to his credit; Mr. Watkins at that time not having been excluded, and Mr. Murdoch's surplus of 109 votes not having been distributed. These outstanding counts were therefore completed, with the following result:—

Murdoch's surplus (109)—Pearce, 3, Watkins 2, Exhaust 103.
Watkin's discard (1443)—Pearce 882, exhaust 558, lost 3.

The completed count therefore left Mr. Pearce with 2682 votes, which were distributed to the nine consenting candidates, as follows:—

Watkins	901
Shoobridge	900
Dicker.....	489
Pearsall	92
Keogh	85
Newman	62
Cummins	48
Dixon	43
O'Brien	34
Exhaust	22
Lost	6

2682

As no candidate had obtained an absolute majority of votes, as defined by Rule 2 of Schedule (4) to the Act, the process of exclusion was carried out, the ultimate result, at Dicker's exclusion, being as follows:—

Shoobridge	1230
Watkins	1127
Majority	103

As 58 votes from Dicker were then the only papers remaining to be counted, the scrutiny was completed at that stage, and Mr. W. E. Shoobridge accordingly declared elected. (For details see Table 27.)

Appended hereto will be found tables compiled by the Government Statistician (Mr. L. F. Giblin), with observations thereon illustrating various phases of the results of the polling at the General Election.

In conclusion, I have to express my thanks for the valuable services rendered by the Assistant Chief Electoral Officer (Mr. C. F. Seager) and the Central Staff of the Electoral Department, to whom can be attributed the success which attended the administration and general organisation effected under "The Electoral Act" and amendments on the occasion of the election under review.

I have the honour to be,

Sir,

Your obedient Servant,

D. W. ADDISON,

Chief Electoral Officer.

The Honourable the Chief Secretary.

STATISTICAL TABLES.—GENERAL ELECTION, 10th JUNE, 1922. (WITH COMPARISONS WITH PREVIOUS ELECTIONS.)

TABLE 1.—Electors, Voters, and Informal Votes—General Election, 10th June, 1922.

	Estimated Population, 30th June, 1922.	Electors on Roll.		Votes Recorded.		Informal Votes.		Valid Votes Recorded.
		Number.	Per 1000 of Population.	Number.	Percentage on Electors.	Number.	Percentage on Votes Recorded.	
Bass	43,200	23,358	541	14,313	61·3	291	2·05	14,019
Darwin	38,230	17,492	458	11,021	63·0	282	2·56	10,739
Denison	48,950	25,432	582	18,856	66·2	487	2·58	18,369
Franklin	48,077	22,855	475	13,916	60·9	398	2·86	13,518
Wilmot	36,800	18,352	499	11,643	63·5	373	3·20	11,273
Total	215,257	110,544	514	69,752	63·1	1,834	2·63	67,918

The number of votes recorded is the number of votes, formal and informal, that were admitted to the scrutiny. In past years this number has not differed much from the number of ballot-papers issued, but in 1922, owing to amendments of the Act and regulations, a large number of persons filled in voting-papers on the strength of their claim that their names should be on the roll. In the majority of cases this claim was not sustained, and the vote was disallowed. These attempted votes are not counted as "votes recorded" in the above and subsequent tables.

TABLE 2.—Comparative Summary.—State General Elections since 1912

	June, 1922.	31 May, 1919.	25 March, 1916.	23 January, 1913.	30 April, 1912.
Electors on Roll:—					
Male	54,958	53,205	54,466	53,372	52,853
Female	55,591	54,336	52,855	51,920	50,660
Total	110,549	107,541	107,321	105,292	103,513
Males—per cent. of total	49·7	49·5	50·8	50·7	51·7
Electors per 1000 of population	514	529	575	513	513
Votes Recorded:—					
Male	38,457	37,037	41,427	38,700	40,715
Female	31,295	34,027	37,557	32,102	35,337
Total	69,752	71,064	78,984	70,802	76,052
Male—per cent. of total	55·1	52·1	52·5	54·7	53·5
Voters—Percentage to Electors on Roll:—					
Male	70·0	69·6	76·06	72·51	77·03
Female	56·3	62·6	71·05	61·83	69·73
Total	63·1	66·1	73·60	67·24	73·47
Valid votes recorded	67,918	68,250	74,514	68,767	73,886
Informal Votes:—					
Number	1,834	2,814	4,476	2,035	2,166
Percentage to votes recorded	2·63	3·96	5·66	2·87	2·85
Number of candidates	77	57	48	50	59
Number of deposits forfeited	19	4	3	4	7
Number of members elected at first count	2	13	11	8	9
Total number of counts	439	264	117	108	248
Greatest number of counts for one division	150	126	54	56	130

The decreasing proportion of electors to population shown in the above table is probably due to a purging of the rolls. The decreasing proportion of male electors, however, probably corresponds to a real change in the proportion of the sexes. In 1922 male electors were actually fewer in numbers than female electors, but a larger proportion actually voted, so that male votes recorded made 55 per cent. of the whole. The proportion of voters to electors on the roll shows a considerable falling off from the elections of 1916 and 1912, women in particular now voting only 56 per cent. of their total strength.

The proportion of informal votes was only 2·63 per cent. of the whole, which is the lowest figure recorded under proportional representation in Tasmania, and much lower than for any Senate election.

The total number of candidates (77) was 20 greater than at last election, and this increase made a great addition to the work of getting out the results. The number of separate counts involved was 439, compared with 264 in 1919 and 117 in 1916, when there were only 54 candidates.

TABLE 3.—Electors on Roll and Voters—Last Four General Elections.

	Electors on Roll—Males				Voters—Male.			
	1922.	1919.	1916.	1913.	1922.	1919.	1916.	1913.
Bass	11,184	10,636	11,154	10,291	7,698	7,118	8,363	7,914
Darwin	9,459	10,203	11,024	12,028	6,721	7,319	8,168	7,856
Denison	12,895	11,319	10,787	9,643	9,166	8,288	8,414	7,080
Franklin	12,172	11,837	11,803	11,849	8,415	8,187	9,163	9,039
Wilmot	9,248	9,210	9,698	9,561	6,457	6,125	7,319	6,811
Total	54,958	53,205	54,466	53,372	38,457	37,037	41,427	38,700

	Electors on Roll—Females.				Voters—Female.			
	1922.	1919.	1916.	1913.	1922.	1919.	1916.	1913.
Bass	12,174	11,741	11,812	10,879	6,615	7,025	8,099	7,142
Darwin	8,633	8,385	8,385	8,734	4,300	5,306	6,175	5,159
Denison	15,597	14,300	13,244	12,651	9,690	9,689	9,595	7,558
Franklin	10,643	10,688	10,313	10,245	5,501	6,180	7,238	6,616
Wilmot	9,104	9,222	9,101	9,391	5,189	5,527	6,430	5,627
Total	55,591	54,336	52,855	51,920	31,295	34,027	37,557	32,102

	Electors on Roll—Both Sexes.				Voters—Both Sexes.			
	1922.	1919.	1916.	1913.	1922.	1919.	1916.	1913.
Bass	23,358	22,377	22,966	21,170	14,313	14,143	16,462	15,056
Darwin	17,492	18,588	19,409	20,782	11,021	12,625	14,343	13,015
Denison	28,492	25,619	24,031	22,294	18,856	17,977	18,009	14,638
Franklin	22,855	22,525	22,116	22,091	13,916	14,667	16,421	15,555
Wilmot	18,352	18,432	18,799	18,952	11,646	11,652	13,749	12,438
Total	110,549	107,541	107,321	105,292	69,752	71,064	78,984	70,802

The electors on the roll, both male and female, show a steady decrease since 1913 in Darwin and Wilmot. The only electorate where the number of voters, both men and women, has increased is Denison.

TABLE 4.—Percentage of Electors Voting at General Elections since 1909.

General Election.	Percentage of Electors Voting.		
	Male.	Female.	Total.
State, 30.4.1909	60.7	43.7	52.6
Federal, 13.4.1910	64.8	51.5	58.5
Referendum, 26.4.1911	61.3	51.6	56.7
State, 30.4.1912	77.0	69.7	73.5
State, 23.1.1913	71.7	60.9	66.4
Federal, 31.5.1913	79.0	70.8	75.0
Federal, 5.9.1914	81.3	73.7	77.6
Federal, 5.9.1914	76.1	71.0	73.6
State, 25.3.1916	82.0	70.0	76.0
Federal, 5.5.1917	69.6	62.6	66.1
State, 31.5.1919	65.1	52.3	58.7
Federal, 13.12.1919	70.0	56.3	63.1
State, 10.6.1922			

The above table, giving the percentage of electors who exercised the franchise at all general elections, both State and Federal, since 1909, indicates roughly the rise and fall of political interest among the electors. The proportion of voters, on the whole, increased greatly from 1909 to 1914, remained steady until 1917, and has since sharply declined. Both its rise and fall are much more pronounced in the case of women than of men.

REPRESENTATION OF PARTIES.

The numbers of members to which parties are entitled on the proportionate basis may be computed simply on the No. 1 choices, or on these choices after allowance has been made for cross-voting and votes that have become non-effective by exhaustion. It is clear from the method of the count that the latter comparison will agree more closely with the number of members actually returned for parties, and the closeness of the agreement is limited only by the practical necessity of returning whole members and not fractions to represent an electorate. This tendency to closer agreement, after allowance for cross-voting and exhaust votes, has been exemplified sufficiently in the reports on the general elections of 1916 and 1919. It is perhaps of more practical interest to inquire only how closely the representation of parties agrees with their numerical strength as indicated by the No. 1 choices of electors.

Table 5 is an attempt to answer this question. The position is complicated on this occasion by the increase in the number of parties, and the want of definite distinction between them. In Table 5 candidates are grouped as of National, Country, or Labour parties and Independents. In Franklin Messrs. Piggott and Pearsall are grouped for practical convenience with the Country party, but the Independent Labour candidates are classed as Independent. Independent candidates in general were independent not only of parties but of one another. Their votes therefore should not be added together to indicate their proper claim to representation. In Table 5 each Independent candidate should have a separate column, but for convenience of printing one column is devoted to the Independent with most votes in each division, and his or her proper share of representation is computed. But these shares are not to be added together, as in the case of parties, to give the total proportionate representation of Independents for the whole State.

TABLE 5.—Party Strength as indicated by No. 1 Preferences.

Voting Strength, Proper Share of Representation, and Seats Actually Won.

Division.	Number of 1st Choices Recorded for Candidates of Parties.					Total.
	National.	Country.	Labour.	Leading Independent.	Other Independent.	
Bass	6458	859	5544	1158	...	14,019
Darwin.....	1917	3075	4676	962	109	10,739
Denison	9619	...	7297	1187	266 182	18,369
Franklin	5146	3039	4350	754	229 185	13,518
Wilmot	4318	2525	3089 5544	951	390	11,273
Total.....	27,458	9498	24,956	...	...	67,918

Proportionate Share of Members, and Members Actually Returned for Parties.

Bass	$\frac{2.76}{1.3}$	$\frac{1.37}{1.0}$	$\frac{2.37}{1.2}$	$\frac{1.50}{1.1}$	...	6
Darwin.....	$\frac{1.07}{1.1}$	$\frac{1.72}{1.2}$	$\frac{2.61}{1.3}$	$\frac{1.54}{1.0}$	...	6
Denison	$\frac{3.14}{1.3}$	...	$\frac{2.98}{1.3}$	$\frac{1.39}{1.0}$	...	6
Franklin	$\frac{2.28}{1.3}$	$\frac{1.35}{1.1}$	$\frac{1.93}{1.2}$	$\frac{1.33}{1.0}$	...	6
Wilmot	$\frac{2.30}{1.2}$	$\frac{1.34}{1.2}$	$\frac{1.64}{1.2}$	$\frac{1.51}{1.0}$	...	6
Total..... (A)	$\frac{11.55}{1.12}$	$\frac{4.78}{1.5}$	$\frac{10.93}{1.12}$	$\frac{5.50}{1.1}$	...	$\frac{27.76}{1.30}$
Total..... (B)	12.13	4.20	11.02	5.51	...	27.86

NOTE.—The upper figures of each bracket represent the proper allotment of members to the party on the assumption that the No. 1 preference indicates the party vote. Total (A) is obtained by adding the shares for each division, and is the proper share for the whole State, on the basis of Electorates of very unequal size, as existed at the time of the election. If each vote should have equal weight throughout the State, the total (B) gives the proper share for each party, as would be given by the uniform quota.

It will be observed from the above table that even with the increase of parties, their vague definition, and the great number of Independent candidates, the actual representation of parties does not depart much from their proportionate share. In Wilmot only is there a serious discrepancy, where the Country party won a second seat with only one-third of a quota. But the National party in Wilmot had a surplus of nearly one-third of a quota, so that the result is not unreasonable. For the whole State the division of members between National, Country, and Labour party candidates is as near as possible to their proportionate share, if the votes for Independent candidates be disregarded. No Independent candidate polled appreciably more than half a quota of No. 1 choices, and so none was clearly entitled to a seat. But in each division Independent candidates polled a sufficient proportion of a quota to be in the running, and their chances depended on other parties having surplus votes and transferring them to the Independent in preference to an opposing party. Under these circumstances an Independent candidate was returned not unreasonably in one division, and the same thing might have happened in other electorates in fair accordance with principles of proportional representation. The allotment of No. 1 choices was such that such a result would not have been inequitable.

To compare the representation of parties in different elections, candidates may be fairly grouped into Labour and non-Labour parties. An examination of the transfers shown on the result sheets for each division (Tables 22 to 26) shows that the Independent Labour candidates in Franklin may be roughly grouped with the Labour party, and that the National and Country parties and all the other Independents, with the exception of Mr. Jensen in Bass, may be roughly grouped as non-Labour. The result sheet for Bass does not clearly show how Mr. Jensen was regarded by the electors. A full analysis was accordingly made of Mr. Jensen's first choices (see Table 21), which shows that of the second choices on these 1158 papers, 597 were for non-Labour candidates and 561 for Labour candidates; and that a similar proportion held for third and lower choices. So that Mr. Jensen must evidently be regarded as, in the opinion of his electors, evenly balanced between Labour and non-Labour. His votes are therefore assigned to neither of the two groups. It may be noted that in the peculiar circumstances of Wilmot in 1913 Mr. Cameron's votes were treated in the same way, and for the same reason, in the report on the general election of 1913.

Table 6 shows the division of first choices and seats between Labour and non-Labour parties in accordance with the above paragraph, and Table 7 a summary of similar results at all elections since 1909.

It will be noticed that for the State the non-Labour parties have one member less than the number of first choices would indicate. Such discrepancy may happen as a chance effect depending on the number of surplus votes of parties in divisions, but in this case it is definitely due to the Nationalist electors in Denison failing to record sufficient preferences for their party, and so losing their votes by exhaustion, and with them one seat. Such failure to record sufficient choices may be due to carelessness or ignorance of the effect of preferential voting, but may of course equally be deliberate and due to political motive. Without further knowledge on this point, it cannot be said with certainty that a party is really under-represented when such a discrepancy occurs.

Inspection of Table 7 shows that such a discrepancy between the No. 1 choices and party representation has not occurred before in a division in any election with the single transferable vote in Tasmania. But a smaller discrepancy in the party representation of the whole State occurred in 1919 in favour of Labour, and a still smaller one in 1916 in favour of the opposite party.

Such discrepancies, however, even if due entirely to imperfections in the voting system, are very slight, and amount to only 5 per cent. of total representation in the extreme case of 1922. They are negligible in comparison with the discrepancies which occur with single electorates, e.g., in England, where the last general election resulted in 42 per cent. of the voters returning a majority of 73 over all other parties—an over-representation of about 34 per cent. The random nature of the result is still more brought out by the fact that in the counties and boroughs of Great Britain the Liberal members represented an average of 49,244 voters each, while the Conservative average was only 18,110.

TABLE 6. Party Strength as indicated by No. 1 Preferences, 1922—Labour and Non-Labour.

Division	Number of 1st Choices.		Proportionate Share and Seats Actually Won.	
	Non-Labour.	Labour.	Non-Labour.	Labour.
Bass	7317	5544	3·13 3	2·37 2
Darwin	6063	4676	3·39 3	2·61 3
Denison	11,072	7297	3·62 3	2·38 3
Franklin	8279	5239	3·67 4	2·83 2
Wilmot	8184	3089	4·36 4	1·64 2
Total	40,915	25,845	(A) 18·17 17 (B) 18·07	11·33 12 11·42

See note to Table V.

TABLE 7.—Party Strength, General Elections, 1909-1922, showing Seats Due to Parties in Proportion to No. 1 Preferences Recorded, and Seats Actually Won.

Division.	Seat.	1909.		1912.		1913.		1916.		1919.		1922.	
		Non-Labour.	Labour.	Non-Labour.	Labour.	Non-Labour.	Labour.	Non-Labour.	Labour.	Non-Labour.	Labour.	Non-Labour.	Labour.
Bass.....	Proper share	3.83	2.17	3.11	2.89	2.98	3.02	2.81	3.19	3.73	2.27	3.13	2.37
	Actually won	4	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	2	3	2
Darwin.....	Proper share	2.49	3.51	2.83	3.17	2.93	3.07	2.96	3.04	3.15	2.85	3.39	2.61
	Actually won	2	4	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Denison.....	Proper share	4.30	1.70	3.07	2.93	3.12	2.88	3.02	2.98	3.34	2.66	3.62	2.38
	Actually won	4	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3
Franklin....	Proper share	3.99	2.01	3.44	2.56	3.37	2.63	3.11	2.89	3.31	2.69	3.67	2.33
	Actually won	4	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	4	2
Wilmot....	Proper share	3.54	2.46	3.96	2.04	3.35	2.17	3.65	2.35	4.19	1.81	4.36	1.64
	Actually won	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	2	4	2
All.....	Proper share (a)	18.15	11.85	16.41	13.59	15.75	13.77	15.55	14.45	17.72	12.28	18.17	11.33
	Proper share (b)	18.31	11.69	16.35	13.65	15.78	13.80	15.46	14.51	17.56	12.44	18.07	11.42
	Actually won	18	12	16	14	16	14	16	14	17	13	17+	12

(a) Division quota. (b) Uniform quota. † Votes of one independent candidate not allocated to parties.

ABSENT VOTES, POSTAL VOTES, AND SECTION 116A.

Under the provisions of Section 116A, 1106 persons whose names were not on the roll claimed the right to vote and filled in ballot-papers. Of these, 802 were rejected because their claim to be on the roll could not be sustained. The remaining 304 were admitted to the scrutiny, and 8 of them rejected for informalities, leaving 296 valid votes under Section 116A.

The number of absent votes was 5888, but these included a number whose names were not, in fact, on the roll, and 671 were rejected on this account. A further 185 were rejected for informalities, leaving 5032 valid absent votes.

The number in 1919 was 1875, and in 1916, at the first State election allowing absent votes, the number was 2901.

But these numbers are not comparable. In 1922 an elector who voted within his division, but outside his subdivision, had to vote as an absent voter. Only electors who voted outside their divisions were accounted absent voters in previous elections.

Postal votes numbered 658, or 18 more than in 1919. Their distribution among parties, as set forth in Table 9, may be compared with similar tables for 1912 and 1913 in the report on the 1913 election.

Tables 8, 9, and 10 show the details of voting under Section 116A and of absent and postal votes. The total number of votes disallowed owing to the voter not being on the roll, or having no right to be on the roll, was 1373. These votes are not counted either as votes recorded or as informal votes.

TABLE 8.—Votes under Section 116A and Absent Votes.

Division.	Votes under Section 116A.				Absent Votes.			
	Papers Received.			Admitted to Scrutiny.	Papers Received.			Admitted to Scrutiny.
	Males.	Females.	Total.		Males.	Females.	Total.	
Bass.....	95	79	174	48	"	"	772	702
Darwin.....	111	61	172	39	364	255	619	501
Denison.....	266	262	518	129	1406	1018	2454	2225
Franklin.....	119	68	187	59	775	438	1213	1075
Wilmot.....	"	"	55	29	"	"	830	714
Total.....	"	"	1106	304	"	"	5888	5217

(a) Not available.

TABLE 9.—Valid Postal Votes in Parties.

Division.	National.	Country.	Labour.	Independent.	Total.
Bass	106	5	45	9	159
Darwin	8	4	29	1	42
Denison	304	-	43	10	357
Franklin	25	17	9	2	53
Wilmot	27	8	7	5	47
Total	470	34	133	21	658

TABLE 10.—Summary of Absent and Postal Voting.

	1922.	1919.	1916.	1913.	1912.
Valid Absent Votes	5032(<i>a</i>)	1875(<i>b</i>)	2901(<i>b</i>)	...	...
Valid Votes under Section 116A	296	...	...	...	...
Valid Postal Votes	658	640	950	1772	1664

(*a*) Voting outside subdivision in which enrolled.
 (*b*) Voting outside division in which enrolled.

INFORMAL VOTES.

The percentage of informal votes varied from 2.05 per cent. in Bass to 3.20 per cent. in Wilmot. The percentage for the State was 2.63, the lowest figure recorded for informal votes under proportional representation. In 1916 it was 5.5 per cent. The two principal kinds of informality are—

- (*a*) Omitting or duplicating the 1, 2, or 3.
 (*b*) Putting three crosses or three 1's, instead of 1, 2, 3.

The number of the first kind does not vary much from one election to another, and averages about 1.3 per cent. of total votes. These informalities are probably due largely to carelessness or accident, and no great improvement is to be anticipated in future elections. The second class of informality, on the other hand, has varied from less than 1 to 3½ per cent. of total votes. It consists chiefly of putting three crosses, instead of 1, 2, 3, opposite names, and its frequency seems to depend on the occurrence of Federal elections, when "three crosses" was the right method of voting for the Senate. At the general election of 1916, for example, electors had voted *twice* in Senate elections since they had last voted at State elections, and the number of informalities of this kind alone (three crosses) was 3 per cent. of total votes, or 2089, compared with only 588 at the election of 1922.

The incidence of Municipal elections, where the vote is made by crosses opposite names, has also probably some effect in leading to informal votes in State elections.

The abolition of these crosses in all Federal elections in favour of preferential voting has evidently had a good effect at the last State election, and this kind of informality may be expected to be further reduced in future elections.

The details of the number of different kinds of informality in divisions is given in Table 12. It will be noticed that Denison has much the greatest number of informalities of three particular kinds, viz., marking more than one candidate with the same number, figures not recognisable, and blank papers. The inference to be drawn from this is somewhat obscure.

Table 13 gives a summary of the chief sources of informality for each division for all State general elections since 1909. The figures for 1916 and 1919 differ somewhat from those previously published, which included as informalities the papers of voters whose names were not on the roll. These are not informal votes in the usual sense, and it is better to exclude them entirely from consideration. The number of these in 1916 and 1919 was not great, but this year, owing to the amended Act and regulations, the number of votes not admitted to scrutiny because the voter had no right to vote was 1373.

Table 14 gives a summary of informal votes at all elections in Tasmania, State and Federal, since 1903.

TABLE 11.—*Informal Ballot-papers, General Election, 1922, showing specific Sources of Informality in each Electoral Division.*

DIVISIONS.	Bass.	Darwin.	Denison	Franklin	Wilmot.	All.
Total number of Ballot-papers polled	14,318	11,021	18,856	13,916	11,646	69,752
(1) Postal Voters' Ballot-papers--						
(a) Declaration not signed by voter.....	1	1	1	1	1	5
(b) Signature of voter on declaration not witnessed.....	2	...	1	3	1	7
(c) Witness not authorised or his title not stated	3	...	14	...	2	19
Total (1)	6	1	16	4	4	31
(2) Defective Preference Numbering--						
(a) No Candidate marked No. 1	10	11	15	27	30	93
(b) No Candidate marked No. 2 or no Candidate marked No. 3	43	55	77	58	82	315
(c) Two or more Candidates marked No. 1	53	43	75	45	54	270
(d) Two Candidates marked No. 2 or two Candidates marked No. 3	50	20	78	36	40	224
Total (2)	156	129	245	166	206	902
(3) Uniformly Marking--						
(a) Three or more names marked thus 1	14	29	37	29	29	138
(b) Three or more names marked thus x	94	105	109	157	123	588
(c) Three or more names marked thus --- .....	...	...	...	5	...	5
Total (3)	108	134	146	191	152	731
(4) Various Other Defects--						
Figures not recognisable.....	10	4	30	9	3	56
No vote indicated on Ballot-paper--						
(a) Names merely struck out	1	1	2	1	...	5
(b) Blank papers.....	6	4	20	7	5	42
Voter identified by writing.....	2	3	2	...	...	7
Papers mutilated or otherwise defective	5	6	26	20	3	60
Total (4)	24	18	80	37	11	170
Total Informal Ballot-papers.....	294	282	487	398	373	1834
Percentage of Informals to total Papers polled.....	2.05	2.56	2.58	2.86	3.20	2.63

TABLE 12.—*Informal Ballot-papers, 1909-1922.—Percentage of Chief Classes of Informality in each Division.*

Principal Sources of Informality.		Percentage of Informal Ballot-papers.					
		Bass.	Darwin.	Denison.	Franklin.	Wilmot.	All Divisions.
	Year.						
Defective preference choice numbering.....	1909	1·47	1·19	1·45	1·20	2·22	1·49
	1912	<i>a</i>	<i>a</i>	<i>a</i>	<i>a</i>	<i>a</i>	<i>a</i>
	1913	·88	1·21	1·34	1·25	1·09	1·16
	1916	1·14	1·32	1·48	·95	2·05	1·31
	1919	·81	1·17	1·32	1·36	1·29	1·19
	1922	1·09	1·17	1·30	1·19	1·77	1·29
Uniformly marking as follows :— <div style="display: flex; justify-content: space-around; align-items: center;"> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">x</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">1</div> <div style="border: 1px solid black; padding: 2px;">—</div> </div> and so failing to distinguish preference.	1909	·72	1·26	·91	1·17	·83	·97
	1912	<i>a</i>	<i>a</i>	<i>a</i>	<i>a</i>	<i>a</i>	<i>a</i>
	1913	1·23	1·50	1·53	1·53	1·09	1·38
	1916	2·35	3·40	3·68	4·88	2·42	3·44
	1919	2·28	2·95	1·34	1·62	2·58	2·08
	1922	·75	1·22	·77	1·37	1·30	1·05
Sundry defects.....	1909	·37	·47	·43	·27	·39	·40
	1912	<i>a</i>	<i>a</i>	<i>a</i>	<i>a</i>	<i>a</i>	<i>a</i>
	1913	·38	·36	·48	·39	·21	·37
	1916	·39	·77	·87	·69	1·06	·76
	1919	·24	·24	·36	·37	2·19	·61
	1922	·21	·17	·51	·30	·13	·29
All forms of informalities.....	1909	2·56	2·92	2·79	2·64	3·44	2·86
	1912	2·63	2·97	2·67	2·78	3·26	2·85
	1913	2·49	3·07	3·35	3·17	2·39	2·91
	1916	3·88	5·49	5·63	6·52	5·53	5·51
	1919	3·33	1·36	3·02	3·34	6·06	3·88
	1922	2·05	2·56	2·58	2·86	3·20	2·63

a Details not ascertained.

TABLE 13.—*Votes Lost by Exhaustion.*

	1922.	1919.	1916.	1913.	1912.	1909.
Bass.....	1133	645	500	899	875	251
Darwin.....	191	454	461	655	531	87
Denison.....	400	392	763	1212	65	708
Franklin.....	592	389	725	42	1160	696
Wilmot.....	291	366	451	390	366	159
Total.....	2499	2246	2900	3198	2937	1901

The number of votes exhausted because of the failure of electors to record enough preferences was 2499, or about 3½ per cent. of the total. The number varies greatly according to the accidental circumstances of the election in each division, but the total for the State remains fairly steady. It is largely due to the habit of restricting preferences to members of the elector's party, and it is possible to see in the figures for successive elections a reflection of the tightening up of party ties between 1909 and the war, and some relaxation after the war. It may be said generally that in every division at every election, with very few exceptions, these votes, if they had not been exhausted, could have altered the personnel of members returned, and occasionally could have altered the party representation also.

TABLE 14.—Elections held in Tasmania, 1903 to 1922.—Informal Ballot-papers.

General Elections.		Electors Contested.	Date of Election.	Total Number of Ballot-papers.	Number of Informal Papers.	Percentage of Informal Papers.	Method of Marking Paper.
Federal.	State.						
...	Assembly	31	2.4.1903	23,261	345	1.48	Striking out all names but one
Senate .....	...	1 (all)	16.12.1903	37,021	1441	3.89	× opposite three names
Representatives .....	...	5		37,013	1164	3.14	× opposite one name
...	Assembly	27	16.3.1906	40,322	487	1.21	Striking out all names but one
Senate .....	...	1	12.12.1906	48,879	2192	4.48	× opposite three names
Representatives .....	...	4		40,194	1583	3.94	× opposite one name
...	Assembly	5	30.4.1909	50,402	1442	2.86	Preference 1, 2, 3
Senate .....	...	1	13.4.1910	57,609	1893	3.29	× opposite three names
Representatives .....	...	5		1447	2.51	× opposite one name	
Referendum (Leg. Powers) .....	...	...	26.4.1911	58,020	673	1.16	× opposite name
...	Assembly	5	30.4.1912	76,052	2166	2.85	Preference 1, 2, 3
...	Assembly	5	23.1.1913	70,812	2035	2.87	Preference 1, 2, 3
Senate .....	...	1	31.5.1913	80,398	4927	6.13	× opposite three names
Representatives .....	...	5		2470	3.07	× opposite one name	
Senate (Dissolution) .....	...	1	5.9.1914	82,253	3871	4.71	× opposite six names
Representatives .....	...	4		65,103	1549	2.38	× opposite name
...	Assembly	5	25.3.1916	78,984	4348	5.51	Preference 1, 2, 3
Senate .....	...	1	5.5.1917	82,608	3075	3.72	× opposite three names
Representatives .....	...	4		65,873	2021	3.07	× opposite name
...	Assembly	5	31.5.1919	71,064	2757	3.88	Preference 1, 2, 3
Senate .....	...	1	13.12.1919	65,716	6364	9.68	Preference 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7
Representatives .....	...	5		3304	5.03	Preference 1, 2, 3	
...	Assembly	5	10.6.1922	69,752	1834	2.63	Preference 1, 2, 3

TABLE 15.—*Elective Franchise, House of Assembly.—Brief History of the Elective Franchise for House of Assembly in Tasmania, showing the more important Stages of its Development since the Year 1870.*

Year.	Adult Persons Estimated.	Total Population (Previous 31st Dec.	Elected Parliamentary Representatives.	Electoral Divisions.	Constituencies.			Electors Enrolled.			Lower Range of Electors' Qualification to Franchise in Possession of.
					One-Member.	Two-Member.	Six-Member.	No.	Per Cent. to—		
									Total Pop.	Adult Pop.	
								Males.			A.—Adult Males.
1870	48,559	100,765	30	30	30	...	...	11,171	11·08	23·00	Property value of £7
1871	49,050	101,785	32	32	32	...	...	13,801	13·66	28·14	Ditto
1872	49,600	102,925	32	32	32	...	...	14,001	13·60	28·24	Salary £80 annually
1881	56,919	118,713	32	32	32	...	...	15,659	13·26	27·51	Ditto
1891	75,562	152,619	36	28	20	8	...	25,932	16·98	34·32	Salary or wage £60
1901	87,232	174,011	38	29	20	9	...	39,002	22·41	44·71	Ditto
1902	88,269	176,080	35	35	35	...	...	39,495	22·43	44·74	Manhood Suffrage
1906	92,543	184,607	35	35	35	...	...	59,029*	48·23	96·20	B.—Universal Suffrage
1908	94,758	189,024	35	35	35	...	...	86,361	45·69	91·14	Ditto
1909	100,620	191,272	30	5	...	...	5	98,230	51·36	97·62	Ditto
1911	101,900	193,803	30	5	...	...	5	102,326	52·80	100·40	Ditto
1912	101,500	192,934	30	5	...	...	5	103,513	53·66	102·00	Ditto
1913	103,100	195,948	30	5	...	...	5	105,292	53·73	102·11	Ditto
1916	...	197,590	30	5	...	...	5	107,321	54·31	...	Ditto
1919	...	202,924	30	5	...	...	5	107,541	53·00	...	Ditto
1922	...	218,413	30	5	...	...	5	110,549	50·62	...	Ditto

* Includes adult females from this stage.

Tables 16 to 20 give for each division the number of first choices for each candidate in each sub-division, and in absent votes, votes under Section 116A, and postal votes. The number of electors on the roll, and electors who voted by sexes, and the number of informalities are also given for the same sub-headings. The information as to sex for absent and postal voting and for voting under Section 116A is not available for Bass, Darwin, and Wilmot, and the informal votes for these divisions under the same heads are approximate. The candidates are grouped in parties, and the totals given for parties. The totals are also given for Independent candidates, but these totals must not be taken to indicate a party vote as in the case of the other grouped totals.

TABLE 16.—First Choices for Candidates by Subdivisions—Division of Bass.
(Quota 2003.)

Subdivision.	On Roll.		Electors.				First Choices Obtained by Candidates.										Votes.						
	Males	Females	Total		Who Voted.		National.					Labour.					Total.	Independent.	Informal.	Valid Votes Recorded.			
			Males	Females	Males	Females	Total	Thompson	Shields	Rose	Newton	Marshall	Hayes	Total	Murphy	Becker					Bennett	Tray	Higgins	Shaw
Fingal	725	705	1430	548	427	975	80	31	66	1	12	18	208	49	516	23	110	22	9	680	23	15	980
Flinders	255	187	442	151	64	215	29	2	98	...	...	7	136	8	12	5	26	2	...	45	21	5	210
George Town	236	327	463	165	120	284	16	1	88	1	4	94	204	15	27	2	25	3	...	57	7	11	283
Launceston Central	1258	1734	2992	789	861	1650	125	208	239	2	102	156	832	22	92	69	185	82	164	586	174	36	1614
Launceston East	1655	2320	3975	1128	1238	2366	238	382	389	2	161	247	1419	60	131	61	293	96	108	689	158	40	2326
Launceston North	1331	1988	3319	1175	1042	2217	110	182	162	4	86	82	626	26	176	50	693	241	111	1271	242	52	2165
Launceston West	1535	1911	3446	960	988	1948	94	166	188	4	239	159	850	23	117	64	312	91	263	847	172	50	1838
Lilydale	796	696	1492	479	273	752	181	18	152	2	14	48	415	113	79	3	49	10	16	157	53	14	738
Portland	425	316	743	287	135	422	99	9	9	4	4	55	180	38	148	17	9	15	2	191	14	9	413
Ringarooma	1289	964	2253	754	440	1194	160	53	38	7	12	115	385	134	324	32	76	46	13	491	160	24	1170
Scottsdale	749	704	1453	545	440	985	458	14	9	19	2	24	526	298	67	7	24	11	6	115	37	14	971
St. Leonards	430	420	850	224	158	382	31	16	75	...	6	48	176	30	34	10	38	22	15	119	50	7	375
Absent Votes .....	...	...	...	493	420	702	115	72	92	4	27	64	374	45	86	23	72	21	24	226	41	13	689
Votes under Sect. 116A .....	...	...	...	...	...	48	4	5	7	...	2	3	21	2	4	1	13	4	8	25	...	...	48
Postal Votes .....	...	...	...	...	...	163	43	14	19	...	16	14	106	5	7	3	16	1	15	45	3	4	159
Total	11,184	12,174	23,358	7698	6615	14,313	1783	1173	1631	50	687	1134	6458	839	1820*	364	1941*	670	749	5544	1158*	294	14,019

* Elected.

TABLE 17.—First Choices for Candidates by Subdivisions—Division of Darwin.
(Quota 1535.)

Subdivision.	Electors.		First Choices Obtained by Candidates.												Votes.											
	On Roll.		Who Voted.		National.				Country.				Labour.				Independent.		Total†	Informal.	Valid Votes Recorded.					
	Males	Females	Total	Males	Females	Total	Marriott.	Pollard.	Total	Dunning.	Franks.	Hobbs.	Wright.	Total	Kelly.	Hurst.	Bellou.	Total				Ogden.	Total	Morey.	Whistitt.	Total
Circular Head	1481	1078	2559	880	434	1314	118	49	161	141	131	74	42	388	104	104	289	388	197	600	16	106	358	127	43	1271
Elmu Bay	1468	1422	2890	946	747	1693	178	175	353	99	254	40	45	438	266	5	115	438	106	492	25	330	358	52	1641	
Gormanston	410	225	635	242	137	379	9	16	25	...	...	9	12	9	8	...	12	9	81	325	...	5	5	15	364
King Island	304	223	527	180	102	282	41	34	75	12	...	68	...	82	33	20	...	12	12	65	...	36	56	4	278	
Leven	1512	1459	2971	1124	802	1926	180	140	320	260	56	543	330	1195	104	9	79	1195	63	255	17	89	106	50	1876	
Penguin	684	556	1180	423	282	705	31	277	308	42	67	45	61	218	50	...	34	218	24	98	17	54	71	10	695	
Queenstown	865	702	1567	625	375	1000	69	37	106	3	3	11	1	18	60	57	60	18	411	837	1	14	15	24	976	
Strahan	230	185	415	158	100	258	22	13	35	1	...	3	...	1	15	10	15	1	77	105	207	...	4	4	8	250
Table Cape	1350	1247	2597	880	616	1496	149	57	206	90	334	66	89	579	45	2	320	45	42	418	22	240	262	31	1465	
Waratah	419	262	681	240	152	392	30	77	107	1	1	3	...	5	60	37	19	132	192	248	...	13	13	19	373	
Zeelau	786	674	1460	583	410	993	83	22	105	1	1	8	2	12	64	40	51	692	692	837	...	14	14	25	968	
Absent Votes	440	143	583	50	54	104	32	29	39	14	114	73	37	27	104	241	104	241	7	35	42	...	501
Votes under Sec. 116A	3	1	4	...	2	3	4	9	6	4	8	24	8	24	1	1	1	2	...	39
Postal Votes.	4	4	8	...	3	1	...	4	...	3	2	24	24	29	...	1	1	1	...	42
Total	9459	8033	17,492	6721	4300	11,021	967*	950	1917	682	882*	919*	592	3075	787*	736	2004*	4676	109	962	109	962	1071	282	10,739	

* Elected. † The total for Independent candidates does not indicate a party vote.

TABLE 18.—*First Choices for Candidates by Subdivisions—Division of Denison.*
(Quota 2625.)

Subdivision.	Electors.				First Choices Obtained by Candidates.																Votes.												
	On Roll.				Who Voted.				National.								Labour.				Independent.				Total	Invalid Votes Recorded.							
	Males	Females	Total	...	Males	Females	Total	...	McPhee.	Meachy.	Payne.	Richardson.	Snowden.	Stopp.	Turner.	Total	Cherry.	Cosgrove.	Gulley.	Reece.	Sheridan.	Total	Lloyd.	Michael.			O'Shea-Peterson.	Waterworth.	Total				
Hobart Central ...	1568	1719	3287	...	896	896	1792	12	119	5	6	189	97	26	17	104	16	73	664	338	241	208	38	122	947	3	6	8	96	113	68	1724	
Hobart East ...	1182	1250	2432	...	659	634	1293	11	86	7	4	93	119	31	18	82	22	115	588	240	110	148	32	76	606	8	1	6	55	70	29	1264	
Hobart North ...	2316	2847	5163	...	1390	1568	2958	44	227	5	12	478	164	74	31	185	61	134	1415	409	310	294	37	208	1267	7	8	9	184	208	68	2890	
Hobart South ...	2002	2636	4638	...	1163	1427	2590	14	308	3	22	385	179	54	38	215	68	253	1439	355	137	362	25	126	905	9	8	26	151	194	32	2538	
Hobart West ...	1738	2059	3797	...	988	1131	2119	16	161	4	25	247	188	25	24	148	33	78	889	405	194	273	30	116	1018	17	8	12	119	156	56	2063	
New Town ...	2623	3070	5693	...	1586	1683	3269	48	350	2	23	535	118	139	61	257	50	113	1699	262	128	170	62	568	1190	11	1	15	263	293	87	3182	
Queenborough ...	1516	2002	3518	...	988	1133	2121	15	245	2	91	358	149	58	34	133	62	199	1346	188	97	129	13	101	528	10	27	15	148	200	47	2074	
Absent Votes ...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	26	201	3	10	305	187	78	41	192	42	131	1216	287	143	149	23	138	740	18	14	13	151	196	73	2152
Votes under Section 116A ...	...	...	...	...	68	61	129	1	11	1	1	13	4	1	...	16	1	10	59	17	7	17	1	11	53	1	1	...	11	13	4	125
Postal Votes
Total ...	12,895	15,597	28,492	...	9166	9690	18,856	1188	17,29*	32	199	2568*	1229	496	266	1368*	372	1172	9619	2510*	1388	1659*	266	1474*	7397	84	77	105	1187	1453	487	18,869	

* Elected. † The total for Independent candidates does not indicate a party vote.

TABLE 19.—*First Choices for Candidates by Subdivisions—Division of Franklin.*
(Quota 1992.)

Sub-division.	Electors.				First Choices Obtained by Candidates.												Votes.												
	On Roll.		Who Voted.		National.				Labour.				Independent Labour.				Country.				Total.	Informal.	Total Valid Recorded.						
	Males.	Females.	Total.	Males.	Females.	Total.	Hean.	Evans.	Murdoch.	Stibley.	Total.	Kennally.	Ogilvie.	Pearce.	Shoobridge.	Watkins.	Total.	Dicker.	Keogh.	Total.				Dixon.	Newman.	Pearshall.	Piggott.	Total.	O'Brien.	Inde- pendent.
Borthwell.....	670	378	1048	331	170	501	42	40	45	14	37	178	21	114	40	22	38	230	20	22	42	19	13	2	2	36	—	15	486
Brighton.....	898	816	1714	505	379	974	59	56	60	78	77	330	6	71	195	13	13	303	21	1	22	42	102	10	52	296	3	20	954
Campbell Town.....	654	575	1229	455	337	792	63	48	56	13	4	184	8	163	34	78	73	392	91	8	89	54	18	1	3	78	12	29	763
Clarence.....	837	957	1794	591	610	1201	166	123	165	160	4	618	8	81	20	75	31	215	59	6	65	52	12	151	57	272	31	1170	
Esperance.....	894	780	1674	589	334	923	85	67	54	3	13	222	133	200	45	4	52	434	94	4	18	11	3	21	113	4	17	906	
Glanorgan.....	220	220	440	157	134	291	12	24	4	71	2	113	3	61	39	6	10	119	12	1	13	22	1	—	8	31	7	8	288
Gleadowry.....	523	495	1018	292	236	528	57	54	59	9	23	292	11	56	29	17	17	130	16	13	29	43	13	6	83	145	2	20	508
Hamilton.....	560	437	997	314	192	506	20	34	17	11	21	103	9	81	130	14	11	245	9	2	11	62	19	14	42	137	1	9	497
Huon.....	1004	918	1922	825	382	1007	137	231	57	4	12	441	11	51	14	8	13	37	31	5	36	10	3	52	267	3	39	968	
Kingborough.....	1092	950	2042	713	476	1189	109	184	68	16	4	372	34	122	21	12	33	232	73	6	79	12	12	346	103	473	3	30	1159
New Norfolk.....	1398	1263	2661	892	501	1393	78	76	74	29	20	286	55	161	276	98	76	666	67	12	79	53	39	24	184	300	3	59	1334
Oatlands.....	873	754	1627	506	306	812	45	77	70	53	29	274	13	123	61	30	29	256	51	2	53	117	39	9	15	180	32	17	795
Port Cygnet.....	765	687	1452	466	323	789	30	290	48	18	4	390	29	135	7	17	54	242	41	1	42	9	2	15	64	90	4	21	768
Richmond.....	518	418	936	286	164	450	32	30	30	100	16	208	10	70	51	11	25	167	20	—	20	19	14	1	12	46	5	4	446
Scorhill.....	633	538	1171	431	261	692	27	27	205	197	2	458	7	44	3	12	15	81	3	8	11	22	23	13	69	127	3	12	680
Spring Bay.....	242	201	443	170	91	261	9	20	23	68	1	121	4	66	10	9	7	96	8	5	13	10	1	3	10	24	3	4	257
Tasman.....	391	296	687	259	161	420	29	51	67	40	—	187	2	63	5	3	24	97	17	25	42	4	2	30	43	79	—	15	405
Absent Votes.....	—	—	—	680	395	1075	88	121	112	64	29	414	28	129	86	31	34	318	58	13	71	57	52	40	68	217	9	46	1029
Postal Votes under Sec. 116A.....	—	—	—	39	20	59	6	6	4	3	1	20	6	11	3	—	1	21	1	1	2	6	2	3	2	13	1	2	57
Postal Votes.....	—	—	—	25	28	53	4	10	6	4	1	25	1	4	4	—	—	9	2	—	2	12	1	1	3	17	—	—	53
Total.....	12,172	10,683	22,855	8416	5500	13,916	1089	1569*	1224*	955*	309	5146	415	1830*	1083*	462	531	4350	754	135	889	636	461	742	1200*	3039	94	398	13,518

* Elected. † The two Independent Labour candidates do not appear to have been standing as a party.

TABLE 20.—First Choices for Candidates by Subdivisions—Division of Wabool.
(Quota 1611.)

Subdivision.	Electors.			First Choices Obtained by Candidates.												Votes.												
	On Roll.		Who Voted.	National.			Country.			Labour.			Independent.			Total.	Valid Votes Recorded.											
	Males.	Females.		Total.	Lee.	McPhee.	Patton.	Total.	Blyth.	Gowans.	Lade.	Total.	Lyons.	Masters.	O'Keefe.			Total.	Bottomley.	Cameron.	Youl.	Independent.						
Beaconsfield	994	886	1880	616	568	1174	397	9	101	5	47	559	10	20	125	2	137	6	5	401	412	5	14	19	27	1147		
Deloraine	1519	1358	2877	971	621	1592	36	84	150	9	94	373	132	256	18	5	411	314	35	29	378	378	5	14	19	46	1546	
Devonport	1325	1569	2894	1010	972	1982	13	250	168	694	41	1166	99	45	4	15	163	449	26	24	499	499	2	75	21	96	58	1924
Evandale	1001	1047	2048	591	522	1113	105	53	153	10	120	411	61	24	9	8	102	259	21	134	414	414	1	46	78	125	31	1082
Kemish	1344	1149	2493	876	568	1444	13	92	97	73	76	311	273	329	8	22	632	190	14	33	237	237	3	209	13	225	39	1465
Larrobe	953	973	1926	565	455	1020	6	41	87	55	33	212	120	98	1	116	335	189	13	70	272	272	1	162	13	176	25	995
Longford	1112	1126	2238	661	590	1251	27	9	342	3	70	451	81	74	20	3	178	350	30	38	418	418	5	33	114	152	52	1199
Westbury	1000	996	1996	725	551	1276	190	13	180	6	78	473	291	84	37	9	421	126	49	93	268	268	8	38	32	78	36	1240
Absent Votes .....	...	...	...	{ 426	317	713	71	33	106	51	32	293	33	55	12	14	114	107	17	55	169	169	12	26	37	75	{ 56	661
Votes under Sec. 116A .....	...	...	...	16	35	51	5	1	12	5	4	27	5	1	1	...	8	4	2	1	7	7	...	5	1	6	27	
Postal Votes .....	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	4
Total	9248	9104	18,352	6457	5189	11,646	864	553	1398	916	557	4318	1107	987	237	194	2525	1997	212	880	3089	3089	32	951	358	1341	373	11,273

† The total for Independent candidates does not indicate a party vote.

Elected.

TABLE 21.—Analysis of Mr. Jensen's First Choice Ballot-papers—Division of Bass.

Choices.	Jensen (Independent), 1158.														Grand. Total.
	Labour.							Non-Labour.							
1	Becker.	Bennett.	Guy.	Higgins.	Shaw.	Total.	Hayes.	Marshall.	Murphy.	Newton.	Rose.	Shields.	Thomson.	Total.	
2	192	88	170	79	32	561	80	102	66	110	12	95	132	597	1158
3	178	85	170	73	38	544	78	87	45	150	25	104	125	614	1158
4	93	111	114	79	43	440	84	97	44	100	35	82	82	524	964
5	63	87	65	113	66	394	88	65	47	77	47	64	68	456	850
6	36	50	38	49	99	272	61	39	33	46	63	71	76	392	664
7	7	7	7	9	6	37	14	22	22	16	21	15	26	135	173
8	6	4	5	9	8	32	14	7	21	9	7	8	8	74	106
9	8	7	3	5	1	24	6	4	9	5	14	3	5	46	70
10	6	2	8	7	7	30	5	3	6	7	12	3	1	37	67
11	...	16	3	1	9	32	3	7	5	2	7	3	3	30	62
12	7	2	3	3	9	24	1	5	6	3	6	9	5	35	59
13	2	2	2	1	16	26	3	4	2	1	4	5	7	26	52

NOTE.—All the Non-Labour candidates, except Murphy (Country Party), belong to the National Party.

Tables 22 to 26 give in summarised form the result sheet in each division. In previous reports the results sheets have been printed in full, but with the increased number of candidates and of counts this is no longer practicable. In 1919, for one division the result occupied two sheets each 30 inches by 20 inches, and a table of this size is so cumbersome and complicated as to be almost unreadable. This year, with double the number of counts, more than double the space would be required. The results are accordingly given in a summarised form very similar to that adopted by the English Proportional Representation Society. All the counts involved in exclusion of a candidate and the transfer of his votes are grouped as one "major" count, and the information given is the number of votes which accrue to each continuing candidate from such a major count, and the resulting total of votes for each continuing candidate. The 160 counts for Franklin, *e.g.*, are thus reduced to 17 major counts, one for each transferred surplus, and one for the distribution of the votes of each excluded candidate. The effect is that the main features of the whole count can be shown on two ordinary pages in the case of the longest count, and can be read with comparative ease.

Table 27 gives a similar result sheet for the by-election in Franklin.

TABLE 22.—Result Sheet—Division of Bass.
Number of Valid Votes, 14,019. Quota, 2003. Informal Votes, 294, or 2·05 per cent.

Candidates.	Number of Valid Votes, 14,019.											11 (Counts 24-36).
	1 (Count 1).	2 (Count 2).	3 (Counts 3-4).	4 (Count 5).	5 (Counts 6-8).	6 (Counts 9-14).	7 (Count 15).	8 (Counts 16-21).	9 (Count 22).	10 (Count 23).	11 (Counts 24-36).	
	No. of Primary Votes.	Rose Excluded.	Bennett Excluded.	Guy's Surplus Distributed. T.V. = 271.	Shields Excluded.	Higgins Excluded.	Becker's Surplus Distributed. T.V. = 307.	Murphy Excluded.	Hayes's Surplus Distributed. T.V. = 318.	Newton's Surplus Distributed. T.V. = 166.	Shaw Excluded.	Order Elected.
		Transfer. Total.	Transfer. Total.	Transfer. Total.	Transfer. Total.	Transfer. Total.	Transfer. Total.	Transfer. Total.	Transfer. Total.	Transfer. Total.	Transfer. Total.	
Becker...	1820	+ 1 1821	+ 125 1946	+ 10 1956	+ 7 1963	+ 431 2394	- 331 2063	...	...	...	...	2003 Becker (2)
Bennett...	364	+ 1 365	+ 365 730	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2003 Guy (1)
Guy...	1941	+ 1 1942	+ 85 2027	+ 28 2055	+ 150 2205	+ 11 2216	+ 3 2219	+ 425 2644	+ 390 3034	...	...	2003 Hayes (3)
Hayes...	1783	+ 1 1784	+ 54 1838	+ 5 1843	+ 735 2578	...	...	...	...	...	...	2003 Jansen (6)
Higgins...	670	+ 1 671	+ 54 725	+ 5 730	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1646 Jansen (6)
Jensen...	1158	+ 2 1160	+ 44 1204	+ 1 1205	+ 45 1250	+ 34 1284	+ 24 1308	...	...	...	...	1670 Marshall (5)
Marshall...	1178	+ 4 1182	+ 1 1183	...	+ 141 1324	+ 20 1344	+ 7 1351	...	...	...	...	2003 Newton (4)
Murphy...	859	+ 3 862	+ 562 1424	...	+ 12 874	+ 7 881	+ 6 887	...	...	...	...	...
Newton...	1631	+ 10 1641	+ 2 1643	...	+ 186 1829	+ 12 1841	+ 5 1846	...	...	...	...	...
Rose...	50	- 50	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Shaw...	749	...	+ 80 829	+ 2 831	+ 6 837	+ 198 1035	+ 316 1351	+ 21 1372	+ 3 1375	...	...	...
Shields...	687	+ 8 695	+ 3 698	+ 698 1396	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Thompson...	1134	+ 5 1139	+ 13 1152	+ 1152 2304	+ 135 2439	+ 12 2451	+ 8 2459	+ 80 2539	+ 100 2639	+ 8 2647	+ 44 2691	...
Exhaust	...	...	...	+ 4	+ 1	+ 9	+ 19	+ 8	+ 67	+ 108	+ 1025	...
Lost by fractions	...	...	...	...	...	...	+ 3	+ 2	+ 13	+ 2	+ 4	...
Total	14,019	...	14,019	14,019	14,019	14,019	14,019	14,019	14,019	14,019	14,019	14,019

* L, Labour. N, Nationalist. C, Country Party. I, Independent.

TABLE 23.—*Result Sheet—Division of Darwin.*
 Informal Votes, 282, or 2.56 per cent.
 Quota, 1535.

Candidates.	No. of Primary Votes.	1 (Count 1).		2 (Count 2).		3 (Count 3).		4 (Counts 4-6).		5 (Counts 7-10).		6 (Count 11).		7 (Counts 12-17).		8 (Count 18).		9 (Counts 19-28).		10 (Count 29).		11 (Count 30).		
		Transfer.	Total.	Transfer.	Total.	Transfer.	Total.	Transfer.	Total.	Transfer.	Total.	Transfer.	Total.	Transfer.	Total.	Transfer.	Total.	Transfer.	Total.	Transfer.	Total.	Transfer.	Total.	
Belton	1149	182	1331	6	1337	4	1341	245	1586	51	1535	934	1535	934	1535	934	1535	934	1535	934	1535	934	1535	
Dunning	682	4	686	5	691	242	933	1	934	934	934	934	934	934	934	934	934	934	934	934	934	934	934	
Franks	882	2	884	23	907	240	1147	1	1148	1148	1148	1148	1148	1148	1148	1148	1148	1148	1148	1148	1148	1148	1148	
Hobbs	919	11	930	9	939	12	951	9	960	2	962	202	1164	105	1269	188	1457	117	1574	117	1691	117	1808	
Hurst	787	87	874	16	890	2	892	180	1072	44	1125	9	1134	1	1135	31	1166	4	1170	4	1174	2	1176	
Kelly	736	54	790	1	791	1	792	792	792	792	792	792	792	792	792	792	792	792	792	792	792	792	792	
Marriott	967	49	1016	7	1023	10	1033	9	1042	1042	1042	1042	1042	1042	1042	1042	1042	1042	1042	1042	1042	1042	1042	
Ogden	2004	469	1535	19	1554	24	1578	7	1585	1585	1585	1585	1585	1585	1585	1585	1585	1585	1585	1585	1585	1585	1585	
Pollard	950	20	970	109	1079	35	1114	73	1187	1	1188	73	1261	19	1280	700	1350	261	1611	261	1872	261	2133	
Storey	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	109	
Winkitt	962	51	1013	16	1029	35	1064	28	1092	1	1093	73	1166	27	1193	107	1300	55	1355	55	1410	26	1436	
Wright	592	3	595	7	602	602	602	602	602	602	602	602	602	602	602	602	602	602	602	602	602	602	602	
Exhaust
Lost by fractions
Total	10,739	10,739	10,739	10,739	10,739	10,739	10,739	10,739	10,739	10,739	10,739	10,739	10,739	10,739	10,739	10,739	10,739	10,739	10,739	10,739	10,739	10,739	10,739	

* L. Labour. N. National. C. Country. I. Independent.

Distribution of O'Brien's Surplus. T.V. = 234.

Distribution of Franks' Surplus. T.V. = 313.

Distribution of Marriott's Surplus. T.V. = 373.

Distribution of Hobbs' Surplus. T.V. = 500.

Distribution of Kelly's Surplus. T.V. = 208.

Dunning Excluded.

Pollard Excluded.

Order Elected.

Belton (2)

Franks (3)

Hobbs (5)

Hurst (6)

Marriott (4)

Ogden (1)

TABLE 24.—Result Sheet—Division of Denison.
Informal Votes, 487, or 2.58 per cent.
Quota, 2625.

Candidates.	Party.	1 (Count 1).		2 (Count 2).		3 (Count 3).		4 (Counts 4-6).		5 (Counts 7-10).		6 (Counts 11-15).		7 (Count 16).		8 (Counts 17-22).		9 (Counts 23-24).		10 (Counts 25-30).	
		No. of Primary Votes.	Hatch Excluded.	Michael Excluded.	Lloyd Excluded.	O'Shea-Peterson Excluded.	Foster Excluded.	McPhoe's Surplus-Distributed, T.V. = .654.	James Excluded.	Reece Excluded.	Richardson Excluded.	Transfer.	Total.	Transfer.	Total.	Transfer.	Total.	Transfer.	Total.	Transfer.	Total.
Clery	N	2510	2	2512	10	2526	3	2531	9	2540	3	2543	37	2580	13	2593					
Cosgrove	L	1388	1	1389	6	1397	3	1400	6	1406	4	1410	26	1436	7	1443					
Culley	L	1659	1	1660	5	1665	3	1672	1	1673	2	1675	155	1830	4	1834					
Foster	N	188	1	189	1	190	2	192	194	1789	1	1790	1	1821	33	1854					
Grant	N	1729	5	1734	10	1744	8	1756	33	1789	30	1820	1	1821	33	1854					
Hatch	N	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32	32					
Jones	N	199	1	200	2	202	1	203	7	210	3	213	213	2625	2625						
Lloyd	N	84	2	86	8	94	11	105	56	2656	31	2625	2625	2625	2625						
McPhoe	N	2568	5	2573	12	2585	11	2600	56	2656	31	2625	2625	2625	2625						
Michael	L	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77	77						
Mulcahy	N	1229	2	1231	7	1243	9	1252	6	1258	6	1258	25	1283	58	1346					
O'Shea-Peterson	N	1765	1	1766	2	1768	109	1877	109	1986	13	2000	25	2025	26	2051					
Payne	N	490	2	492	1	493	3	496	2	498	2	498	269	767	269	1036					
Reece	N	266	2	268	2	270	3	273	2	275	2	277	273	295	295						
Richardson	N	266	2	268	2	270	3	273	2	275	2	277	273	295	295						
Sheridan	N	1474	1	1475	1	1476	6	1482	3	1485	3	1488	1491	1589	20	1609					
Snowdon	N	386	1	387	8	395	8	403	24	427	6	433	1479	1479	20	1500					
Stump	N	372	1	373	1	374	2	376	3	379	1	380	381	386	35	421					
Turner	N	1172	3	1175	4	1179	6	1185	4	1189	5	1194	1192	1220	32	1252					
Waterworth	L	1187	2	1189	15	1204	37	1241	5	1246	1	1247	1260	1281	18	1299					
Exhaust Loss by Fractions																					
Total		18,369		18,369		18,369		18,369		18,369		18,369		18,369		18,369					18,369

• L. Labour. N. National. I. Independent.

TABLE 24.—Result Sheet.—Division of Deposits—(continued).

Candidates.	11 (Counts 31-38).		12 (Counts 39-60).		13 (Counts 61-85).		14 (Count 86).		15 (Counts 87-108).		16 (Counts 109-140).		17 (Count 141).		18 (Count 142).	
	Stopp Excluded.	Total.	Payne Excluded.	Total.	Waterworth Excluded.	Total.	Clearly's Surplus Distributed. T.V. = 777.	Total.	Cosgrove Excluded.	Total.	Turner Excluded.	Total.	Snowden's Surplus Distributed. T.V. = 505.	Total.	Grant's Surplus Distributed. T.V. = 273.	Total.
Clearly	3	2596	6	2002	103	2705	80	2025	1549	2025	2025	2025	2025	2025	2625	2625
Cosgrove	2	1445	4	1449	61	1510	30	1549	1549	2025	2025	2025	2025	2025	2625	2625
Culley	...	1884	...	1836	32	1868	3	1871	754	2025	2025	2025	2025	2025	2625	2625
Foster	...	1962	...	2074	177	2251	...	2251	31	2282	476	2758	2758	2758	2625	2625
Grant	108	...	112	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	133	2625	2625
Hatch	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
James	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lloyd	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
McPhee	...	2625	...	2625	...	2625	...	2625	...	2625	...	2625	2625	...	2625	2625
Michael	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
McCarthy	46	1392	72	1464	119	1583	3	1586	38	1624	476	2100	150	2250	2343	2343
O'Shea-Peterson	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Payne	45	656	...	656	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ryce	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Richardson	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Sheridan	1	1560	12	1572	147	1719	22	1741	670	2411	61	2472	231	2480	2483	2483
Snowden	101	1627	308	1935	511	2446	3	2449	19	2468	388	2856	...	2625	2625	2625
Stopp	408	1331	...	1429	150	1579	...	1579	3	1579	1579	...	...	...	...	...
Turner	79	1331	...	1356	1356	1356	...	1356	...	1356	...	...	...	...	...	...
Waterworth	24	1323	33	1356	1356	1356	...	1356	...	1356	...	...	...	...	...	...
Exhaust Loss by fractions	...	12	11	23	55	78	5	83	32	115	17	293	71	364	400	400
	...	6	1	7	1	8	5	13	2	15	...	15	2	17	18	18
Total	...	18,369	...	18,369	...	18,369	...	18,369	...	18,369	...	18,369	...	18,369	18,369	18,369

* I. Labour. N National. I Independent.

TABLE 25.—*Result Sheet—Division of Franklin.*
 Informal Votes, 398, or 2.86 per cent.
 Quota, 1992.

Candidates.	No. of Primary Votes.	Valid Votes, 13,518.										Total.								
		1 (Count 1).		2 (Count 2).		3 (Counts 3-4).		4 (Counts 5-6).		5 (Counts 7-10).			6 (Count 11).		7 (Counts 12-17).		8 (Counts 18-26).		9 (Counts 27-30).	
		O'Brien Excluded.	Keogh Excluded.	Sibley Excluded.	Kenneally Excluded.	Ogilvie's Surplus Distributed, T.V. = 993.	Newman Excluded.	Stroobridge Excluded.	Pearsall Excluded.	Transfer.	Total.		Transfer.	Total.	Transfer.	Total.	Transfer.	Total.	Transfer.	Total.
Churmins	1080	8	1092	4	1096	38	1134	1	1135	6	1141	13	1154	12	1166	42	1208	15	1223	
Dicker	754	0	754	28	782	21	803	21	824	6	830	10	840	56	896	107	1003	107	1110	
Dixon	686	6	692	5	697	35	732	35	767	1	768	21	789	4	793	76	869	76	945	
Pears	1560	4	1564	2	1566	31	1597	2	1600	1	1601	17	1618	3	1621	42	1663	42	1705	
Roan	1224	5	1229	0	1229	31	1260	2	1262	1	1263	17	1280	3	1283	42	1325	42	1367	
Kenneally	415	1	416	2	418	1	419	425	426	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Keogh	135	1	136	136	966	33	1002	3	1005	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Murdoch	955	1	956	1	957	21	978	2	980	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Newman	161	4	165	1	166	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
O'Brien	94	94	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Ogilvie	1839	17	1856	82	1938	42	1980	297	2277	295	2572	16	2588	122	2710	21	2731	21	2752	
Pearce	1083	12	1095	12	1107	26	1133	43	1176	130	1306	71	1377	13	1390	55	1445	55	1500	
Pearse	742	10	752	6	758	6	764	1	765	3	768	1	769	13	782	111	893	111	1004	
Piggott	1200	2	1202	3	1205	20	1225	1	1226	1	1227	66	1293	19	1312	111	1423	111	1534	
Stroobridge	462	0	471	9	480	18	498	23	521	51	572	1	573	376	949	...	...	...	...
Sibley	860	1	861	310	1171	310	1481	24	1505	97	1602	4	1606	322	1928	21	1949	21	1970	
Watkins	551	3	554	13	567	11	578	24	592	6	598	3	601	3	604	1	605	1	606	
Exhaust	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lost by fractions	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	13,518	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...

N National; L Labour; C Country; I Independent; H Independent Labour.

TABLE 25.—Result Sheet—Division of Franklin—(continued).

Candidates.	16 (Counts 40-57).		13 (Counts 58-76).		12 (Count 77).		13 (Count 78).		14 (Counts 79-106).		15 (Count 107).		16 (Count 108).		17 (Counts 109-160).	
	Transfer.	Total.	Transfer.	Total.	Transfer.	Total.	Transfer.	Total.	Transfer.	Total.	Transfer.	Total.	Transfer.	Total.	Transfer.	Total.
Keaneilly	37	1280	60	1308	8	1316	1316	1316	1316	1316	1316	1316	1316	1316	1316	1316
Dicker	920	1020	1020	1020	1020	1020	1020	1020	1020	1020	1020	1020	1020	1020	1020	1020
Dixon	48	1788	160	1957	47	1957	1957	1957	1957	1957	1957	1957	1957	1957	1957	1957
Evans	78	1360	180	1556	47	1623	1623	1623	1623	1623	1623	1623	1623	1623	1623	1623
Hean	26	1360	180	1556	47	1623	1623	1623	1623	1623	1623	1623	1623	1623	1623	1623
Keaneilly	24	1148	228	1376	20	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400
Keogh	24	1148	228	1376	20	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400
Murdoch	24	1148	228	1376	20	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400
Newman	24	1148	228	1376	20	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400
O'Brien	24	1148	228	1376	20	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400	1400
Ogilvie	260	1725	33	1758	1	1759	1759	1759	1759	1759	1759	1759	1759	1759	1759	1759
Pearce	260	1725	33	1758	1	1759	1759	1759	1759	1759	1759	1759	1759	1759	1759	1759
Pearshall	67	1820	222	2042	110	1932	1932	1932	1932	1932	1932	1932	1932	1932	1932	1932
Piggott	67	1820	222	2042	110	1932	1932	1932	1932	1932	1932	1932	1932	1932	1932	1932
Stoolbridge	67	1820	222	2042	110	1932	1932	1932	1932	1932	1932	1932	1932	1932	1932	1932
Sibley	316	1388	28	1388	...	1388	1388	1388	1388	1388	1388	1388	1388	1388	1388	1388
Watkiss	316	1388	28	1388	...	1388	1388	1388	1388	1388	1388	1388	1388	1388	1388	1388
Exhaust	66	94	94	155	21	211	211	211	211	211	211	211	211	211	211	211
Lost by fractions	3	13	13	13	4	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17	17
Total	13,518	13,518	13,518	13,518	13,518	13,518	13,518	13,518	13,518	13,518	13,518	13,518	13,518	13,518	13,518	13,518

• N National L Labour C Country I Independent II Independent Labour.

† Watkins was excluded on account of the Franklin By-election to fill the vacancy caused by M. Pearce's death.

TABLE 26.—Result Sheet—Division of Waimat.
Valid Votes, 11,273. Informal Votes, 373, or 3.20 per cent.

Candidates.	Informal Votes, 373, or 3.20 per cent.													Order Elected.															
	1 (Count 1).	2 (Count 2).	3 (Count 3).	4 (Counts 4-5).	5 (Counts 6-10).	6 (Counts 11-14).	7 (Counts 15, 22), 8 (Counts 28-30).	9 (Count 31).	10 (Counts 32-47).	11 (Counts 48-60).	12 (Count 70).	13 (Count 71).																	
No. of Primary Votes.	Lyons' Surplus Distributed. T.V. = 194.	Bottomley Excluded.	Lade Excluded.	Gowans Excluded.	Masters Excluded.	Yool Excluded.	Hays Excluded.	Lee's Surplus Distributed. T.V. = 528.	Fullen Excluded.	Cameron Excluded.	Blyth's Surplus Distributed. T.V. = 344.	Bendall's Surplus Distributed. T.V. = 522.																	
	Transfer. Total.	Transfer. Total.	Transfer. Total.	Transfer. Total.	Transfer. Total.	Transfer. Total.	Transfer. Total.	Transfer. Total.	Transfer. Total.	Transfer. Total.	Transfer. Total.	Transfer. Total.																	
Bendall	1107	1108	3	1111	105	1216	30	1245	11	1257	28	1280	1	1303	1	1303	22	1302	1	1303	133	1436	270	1706	95	1611	Bendall (4)		
Blyth	987	994	9	1003	21	1024	146	1170	5	1175	49	1224	54	1278	72	1357	387	1744	138	1611	1706	1744	183	1611	1611	1611	Blyth (3)		
Bottomley	32	32	32	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cameron	951	957	12	969	21	990	5	995	5	1000	32	1032	23	1055	39	1095	1005	1580	33	1563	1580	157	1580	34	1597	Campbell (5)			
Campbell	864	864	...	864	5	869	32	901	2	903	55	955	65	1023	321	1373	157	1580	33	1563	1580	157	1580	34	1597	Campbell (5)			
Gowans	297	297	2	289	13	252	252	570	1	571	34	605	605	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Hays	353	355	...	555	9	564	6	570	6	571	34	605	605	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lade	194	194	...	194	194	1406	1	1410	3	1413	79	1492	252	1744	188	1611	1611	1611	1611	1611	1611	1611	1611	1611	1611	1611	1611	1611	Lee (2)
Lee	1398	1399	2	1401	5	1406	1	1410	3	1413	79	1492	252	1744	188	1611	1611	1611	1611	1611	1611	1611	1611	1611	1611	1611	1611	1611	Lee (2)
Lyons	1897	1811	...	1611	...	1611	...	1611	...	1611	...	1611	...	1611	...	1611	...	1611	...	1611	...	1611	...	1611	...	1611	1611	1611	Lyons (1)
Masters	212	302	...	302	2	304	2	306	306	306	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
McFie	516	526	...	926	5	931	2	933	19	952	21	973	101	1074	29	1103	141	1244	28	1369	1841	97	1341	20	1389	1389	1389	O'Keefe (6)	
O'Keefe	550	550	...	550	5	550	5	550	5	550	5	550	5	550	5	550	5	550	5	550	5	550	5	550	5	550	550	550	O'Keefe (6)
Fullen	587	588	...	580	3	593	3	601	4	605	51	656	74	730	63	788	788	788	788	788	788	788	788	788	788	788	788	788	788
Yool	358	360	...	362	4	366	3	369	...	369	369	369	369	369	369	369	369	369	369	369	369	369	369	369	369	369	369	369	369
Exhaust	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lost by fractions	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Total	11,273	11,273	11,273	11,273	11,273	11,273	11,273	11,273	11,273	11,273	11,273	11,273	11,273	11,273	11,273	11,273	11,273	11,273	11,273	11,273	11,273	11,273	11,273	11,273	11,273	11,273	11,273	11,273	11,273

* C Country. I Independent. L Labour. N National.

TABLE 27.—*Result Sheet—Division of Franklin.*
By-election on account of Death of Mr. W. W. F. Pearce (Member elected at General Election).

Candidates.	Party.*	17 (Counts 109-160).		18 (Counts 161-237).		19 (Counts 238-247).		20 (Counts 248-254).		21 (Counts 255-263).		22 (Counts 264-285).		23 (Counts 286-303).		24 (Counts 304-333).		25 (Counts 334-344).		Candidate Elected.
		Warkins Excluded.	Total.	Pearce Excluded.	Total.	O'Brien Excluded.	Total.	Dixon Excluded.	Total.	Cummins Excluded.	Total.	Newman Excluded.	Total.	Keogh Excluded.	Total.	Pearsall Excluded.	Total.	Dicker Excluded.	Total.	
Cummins...	N	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	48	
Dicker...	I.L.	489	489	489	489	489	489	489	489	489	489	489	489	489	489	489	489	489	489	
Dixon...	C	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	43	
Keogh...	I.L.	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	85	
Newman...	C	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	62	
O'Brien...	I	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	34	
Pearce†	I	2682	2682	2682	2682	2682	2682	2682	2682	2682	2682	2682	2682	2682	2682	2682	2682	2682	2682	
Pearsall...	L	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	92	
Shoobridge...	L	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	900	
Watkins...	L	901	901	901	901	901	901	901	901	901	901	901	901	901	901	901	901	901	901	
Exhaust...	...	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	22	
Lost...	...	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	6	
Total...	...	2682	2682	2682	2682	2682	2682	2682	2682	2682	2682	2682	2682	2682	2682	2682	2682	2682	2682	

* N National. C Country. L Labour. I Independent. II Independent Labour.
 † The quota in the General Election was 1892; but Mr. Pearce's votes were increased to 2682 by the completion of the distribution of the votes of Mr. Watkins (excluded), and these 2682 votes were then distributed among the nine 'consenting' candidates, as shown above.